

Budweiser is King

of bottled beers, because of its uniform excellence. Brewed from the best Barley-Malt and imported Hops and "lagered" (stored for maturing) until just ripe and most wholesome.

The product of Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n

St. Louis, U. S. A.

Brewers also of Black & Tan, Anheuser-Standard, Pale-Lager, Faust, Export Pale, Exquisite, Michelob and Nait-Nutrine.

TAXATION REPORT IS NEARLY DONE

But Two More Sections Remain to Be Disposed of.

DEBATE ON W. VIRGINIA DEBT

After a Vigorous Discussion the Committee Recommends Striking Out the Section, Which is Done—Humorous Disclaimers.

The sessions of the Constitutional Convention yesterday were relieved somewhat from the tiresome monotony of finance discussion by a variety of other questions. The report of the Committee on Finance was nearly completed, only one section remaining to be considered to-day, and a new section limiting taxation for five years to thirty cents on the \$100, which was being discussed at the hour of adjournment.

Mr. Meredith on the contrary, has a strong argument in support of this measure, and it will provoke protracted and warm debate to-day. The report of the Legislative Committee against rescinding the action of the convention in abolishing the hold-over Senate created a diversion, and the introduction of two resolutions to amend the rule relating to rescinding so as to provide also for substituting something in its place. The significance of these resolutions was taken to mean a vindication of the position taken by the Legislative Committee and the points of order heretofore made by Messrs. Turnbull, Withers and Boaz.

AN AMUSING INCIDENT. The most amusing incident in the history of the convention occurred at the opening, when Hon. A. P. Thom, of Norfolk, in connection with the making of a speech in the official report, developed into a humorist of the Mark Twain order. Mr. Thom, rising to a question of personal privilege, just after the opening by Rev. H. A. Bagby, said that in the stenographic report of Tuesday's proceedings, just published, the following question and answer appeared in the course of a speech by him.

"Mr. MEREDITH: Will the gentleman permit me to interrupt him? And Mr. SIDNEY GO TO HELL!" He stated that he had no such answer to Mr. Meredith. On the contrary, his whole effort had been to keep "Sidney" from going to that place and also to prevent him from taking the convention there with him. (Great laughter.) There might have been times of great exasperation when he might have had good reason to go to that place, but the gentleman from Roanoke (Judge Robertson), or the gentleman from Norfolk (Mr. Thom), would not under any circumstances at any time have thought of giving such a warm expression of them. He was of the opinion that the printer had got the matter all wrong, and that the gentleman from Roanoke (Judge Robertson), or the gentleman from Norfolk (Mr. Thom), would not under any circumstances at any time have thought of giving such a warm expression of them. He was of the opinion that the printer had got the matter all wrong, and that the gentleman from Roanoke (Judge Robertson), or the gentleman from Norfolk (Mr. Thom), would not under any circumstances at any time have thought of giving such a warm expression of them.

THE STARVATION PLAN

Of Treating Dyspepsia and Stomach Troubles is Useless and Unscientific.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been proven time and again, but even now a course of dieting is generally the first thing recommended for a case of indigestion or any stomach trouble.



Many people with weak digestion, as well as some physicians, consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to restrict the diet, either by selecting certain foods and rejecting others or to restrict the amount of food eaten to barely enough to keep soul and body together; in other words, the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting to a man already suffering from starvation because indigestion itself starves every organ, nerve and fibre in the body. What people with poor digestion most need is abundant nutrition, plenty of good, wholesome, properly cooked food, and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it.

leman from Winchester (Judge Harrison). (Great laughter.) "Besides, Mr. President, in the course of a long professional career I have been called many things and names, but I do not recall being called a thing as 'Awd Mc-shridi' before in all my life, and the memory of the appellation is itself a nightmare, and if it is disreputable as it is unpronounceable the injury is beyond repair."

CHRISTIAN CHARITY. Judge Robertson: "I desire to say that I challenge this body to show any member who has exercised the virtue of the highest Christian charity, under the greatest provocation more than I have. I propose having the semblance of such an expression attributed to me. (Great laughter.) I distinctly and emphatically assert that my opinion is that inst- ad of going to hell, my friend, Mr. Meredith, should be sent to the North Pole. A little cooling off would do him more good than having the semblance of treatment." (Great laughter and applause.)

Judge Harrison also disclaimed having said any such thing. Mr. Meredith: "All I have to say is the newspaper has met with a ludicrous accident. So far as the wrangle among Messrs. Robertson and Harrison and their pleasantness about me are concerned, I have only to say that when they fell out we honest men get our share." (Renewed laughter and applause and the curtain falls.)

RULE AS TO RESCINDING. Mr. O'Flaherty introduced a resolution to amend rule 9 of the Rules of the Convention by inserting the following:

"After a motion to rescind has been carried the convention shall have the same control of the matter under consideration as if no action had been taken. The General Assembly shall provide by law for adjusting with the State of West Virginia the proportion of the public debt of Virginia proper to be borne by the State of Virginia and the State of West Virginia, and that such sum as shall be received from West Virginia shall be applied to the payment of the public debt of the State."

The convention took up section one, which was adopted without amendment, and reads: Section 1. All property, except as hereinafter provided, shall be taxed: all taxes whatsoever, whether State, local or municipal, shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, and the General Assembly shall have the power to extend the limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws."

Section two was finally adopted as perfected in Committee of the Whole, after a long and lively discussion, and reads: Section 2. Except as hereinafter provided, all assessments of the value of real estate and tangible personal property shall be ascertained as prescribed by law. The General Assembly may allow a lower rate of taxation to be imposed for a period of years by a city or town upon such land as is situated within its corporate limits, and such land shall be assessed as such property within the limits of said city or town at the time such land is added. Nothing in this Constitution shall prevent the General Assembly, in its discretion at any time after the 1st day of January, 1902, from segregating for the purpose of taxation, the several kinds or classes of property so as to specify and determine upon what subjects State taxes, and upon what subjects local taxes may be levied.

This concluded the report proper, except section eighteen, which was left open until Friday. Mr. Waddill offered an independent section relating to expenses that may be incurred in removing a county site or rebuilding a courthouse, etc. It was rejected. Mr. R. L. Gordon desired an independent section enabling a less rate of taxation on wide-trail than on narrow-trail vehicles. It was rejected.

LOWER RATE OF TAXATION. Mr. Withers introduced a section twenty-two providing that until January 1st, 1907, the tax rate should be 20 cents for State and 10 cents for school purposes; after that date to be such as is prescribed by law.

He asserted that the work of the convention justified giving the people the benefit of a tax reduction; a hostile legislation under the excuse of the convention having made it necessary, could pile up judges at heavy salaries, greatly increasing the number and character of the convention, while adding heavier taxes. This would be impossible if the tax rate were reduced.

At the regular Friday evening service this evening at the Church of the Holy Trinity, the Bishop of Alaska, Bishop Rowe, will make an address, and the offerings of this service will be given him for the work in that field.

Rev. C. N. Van Houten, who was for a long time pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Manchester, but who has recently been appointed evangelist for Essex County, has been requested to assist in raising money for the building fund of Westminster Church, and is now making preparations to begin his work. He hopes to be able to raise the whole amount needed in a few days.

At a meeting of the Holy Name Society of the Cathedral parish, to be held in the basement of St. Peter's Sunday night at 7:30 o'clock, matters of vital interest are to come up for consideration.

Rev. W. E. Evans, D. D., made the address yesterday at the Brotherhood service at St. Paul's Church. His theme was the "Sabbath of the Future," and he handled it most ably and strikingly. Bishop Peterkin is now visiting the family of his son-in-law, the Rev. Mr. Gamble, in North Carolina. From there he will continue his travels to Florida.

Rev. Dr. James I. Vance, of Newark, N. J., will occupy the pulpit of the Rev. Dr. Russell Cecil, of the Second Presbyterian Church, at the Sunday morning service in the Cathedral parish, and will come to Richmond at the invitation of the Young Men's Christian Association to address the men's meeting at the Academy Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

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in favor of retaining the present method of electing State senators, namely, for a period of four years, electing one half every two years, and we recommend that resolutions 216 and 277 be adopted.

WM. GORDON ROBERTSON, HILL CARTER, T. W. HARRISON, T. M. HOOKER.

The report was ordered printed. NEW RULE. Attorney-General Anderson introduced the following amendment to the rules, which was ordered to be printed and lie on the table for two days.

Resolved, By the convention that the following Rule be adopted to come in as Rule 2a: "a. When any article, section or clause which has been adopted by the convention, has been rescinded a new or amended proposition relating to the same subject may be considered and adopted by the convention in place of the clause, section or article so rescinded, and the new, or amended clause, section or article so adopted, shall thereupon be referred to the 'Committee on Finance' and to be incorporated in its appropriate place in the Constitution."

Mr. Flood announced that in changing his vote on the amendment offered by Mr. Thom to section 22, relating to the proportion of the public debt between Virginia and West Virginia, he had made a mistake and desired unanimous consent to have the vote withdrawn and the question taken up again.

THE DEBT QUESTION. The Attorney-General's amendment to his amendment, as necessary, since the settlement of the debt to make unambiguous the legal status of Virginia in connection with the portion of West Virginia's obligation. He reviewed the whole public debt question, and then he stated and claimed that to incorporate now the exact language of the Underwood Constitution, which was adopted long prior to the settlement of the debt, would be extremely dangerous to the State of Virginia. He thought it would be much safer to strike the section out entirely than to adopt it without an amendment.

Ex-Governor Cameron made a vigorous reply to Mr. Thom. He also went into the public debt question, and referring to readjuster and former days, the R. L. Reeder basis of settlement, etc. He was pitted with question by Messrs. Thom and Flood, and answered all with courtesy and ready argument.

Attorney-General Anderson made a brief speech, saying the legal status of the relations between Virginia and West Virginia was thoroughly well established and understood, and that the question of the section should be struck out or Mr. Thom's amendment inserted.

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Berrys for Clothes



DUNLAP'S SPRING HATS

Derbys, Silks, Operas, and Softs—are now displayed at



was limited for a period of years. The reduction of expenses already made by the convention and the increased taxes which would be realized from corporations would make it absolutely safe and good business to limit the tax rate to thirty cents on the \$100. The surplus row in the State treasury was not due to increased income, but to decreased expenditures brought about by legislation in the past six years. He quoted figures from the Auditor's reports to show that every dollar of the present surplus was the fund saved by reducing expenses and not from increased income. He also showed that this surplus would have been double what it was had not the extra amount on hand been an inducement to increased appropriations.

The hour of 5 arriving, Mr. Withers suspended his speech, and the convention adjourned until to-day at 10 o'clock.

A RESOLUTION TO RESCIND.

Executive Department Committee Breaks the Executive Department on Acquaintance.

The Convention Committee on the Executive Department held a meeting after the noon adjournment yesterday, and by a vote of 4 to 3 recommended that the convention rescind its action in requiring the State Treasurer to be elected by the people. It refused by a vote of 3 to 2 to recommend a course in regard to the removal of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. The committee in the case of the State Treasurer reverses its former report as well as the action of the convention.

All the gossip now is veering round to this question of rescinding, expunging, or repealing something that has been done, and substituting something else in its place. If the convention adopts the new rule, and the President's resolutions that provide that the committees will all certainly have to reorganize and the convention go over much of its work.

The uncertainty about the rescinding, expunging, or repealing proceedings makes the question of adjournment more of a problem than it has ever been. If the convention stands by the construction put on the rule by the legislative committee, and which it is said President-elect will not do, and if the President-elect adopts the O'Flaherty or Anderson amendments introduced yesterday, the convention can complete its work in a week or ten days. On the other hand, if the amendments are adopted and the resolutions to rescind are adopted, there is no possible means of estimating when the convention will be able to conclude the consideration of resolutions which will be introduced to rescind and substitute.

It is thought that the report of the Committee on Finance and Taxation will certainly be completed to-day. The general opinion and desire expressed last night was that the suffrage question would be immediately taken up, and in conference be fought to a finish to the exclusion of every other question, and each day only being devoted to the work of the convention proper.

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MAINE VICTIMS HAVE NO REDRESS

Spanish Claims Committee Denies Against Them.

DIED FOR COUNTRY'S SAKE

This Decision Upsets Claims Amounting to Upwards of Two Millions and a Half of Dollars.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6.—The Spanish Treaty Claims Commission to-day handed down its decision against the claimants for death and injuries, recovery by officers and seamen in the wreck of the battleship Maine, in Havana harbor.

The Commission holds that "Individual claims of citizens of one nation may arise against the Government of another nation for redress of injuries to person or property which such citizens may have sustained from such Government or any of its agents, but such individual claim does not arise in favor of the officers and seamen of a ship of war who receive, in injuries to their persons for which a foreign government is responsible. The claim against the foreign government is wholly national, and all injuries to such officers and seamen are merged in the national injury, and they can look only to their own government for such remuneration as it may choose to give them."

HAS NO CLAIM. "A seaman injured by the explosion which destroyed the battleship Maine in the harbor of Havana, Cuba, on February 15, 1898, had no individual claim against Spain, even if that Government was responsible to the United States for the explosion; and, therefore, such a seaman is not entitled to an award in his favor from the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission, organized by the act of Congress of March 2, 1901 to adjudicate all individual claims of persons of the United States against Spain, which the United States released to Spain and agreed to pay by the treaty of peace of December 10, 1898."

The claims so far filed with the commission which will be affected by this decision amount to about \$2,500,000, which the United States released to Spain, and had the decision been favorable to the claimants.

ARTISTS FOR FESTIVAL.

Well Known Singers and Musicians Engaged by the Wednesday Club.

The Wednesday Club has completed the roster of the artists to appear at the next festival. There are a number of musical celebrities among the list.

The oratorio, "Liljah," has been chosen as the number for the club. The soloists will be Madam Elizabeth Kaleski-Bradbury, soprano; Miss Jennie M. Sprague, alto; Glen Hall, tenor, and Gwynn Miles baritone.

The great pianist, De Voto, will play a concerto by Tschalkowski with the orchestra. At the children's concert and on the second night of the festival the soloists will be Madam Charlotte Macon, soprano; Mrs. Bertha Cushing Childs, alto; Ben Davies, the renowned English tenor, and David Bispham, the great basso.

MASONIC REUNION.

Scottish Rite of Freemasonry Will Convene at the Masonic Temple to-morrow.

The spring reunion of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry of Virginia will be held to-morrow, Monday and Tuesday at the Masonic Temple.

The session to-morrow will be devoted to routine business, but on Monday and Tuesday degree work will be carried on. Members from all sections of the State will be present.

The degrees will be conferred by the High Priest of the Scottish Rite, Dr. Ross, at the Masonic Temple on Monday, and by the Council of Knights of Kadosh and Dalcho Constancy, No. 1, on Tuesday.

A PARTICULAR BABY.

1: Wants a Home Where He Can Grow Up to Be President.

A boy three months old, now in the possession of the Children's Home Society, is out looking for a permanent home. He has the following recommendations: Had respectable parents, is fully an orphan, father and mother dead; does not cry save when provoked by a pin, is hungry, mad, or for some other reason; is desirous of adopting wealthy parents who will leave him lots of money, though he would be satisfied if he had a home with plain, good people, just so he can have plenty of room to grow up and put

CHASE REFS PIANOS. When you want a PIANO for a life time, come and hear the old reliable CHASE REFS, for forty years used by the largest musical schools in America.

CHASE-HACKLEY PIANO CO., No. 603 East Broad Street.

SEE THAT YOU GET the genuine Dr. David's Cough Syrup and accept no "just as good" (so-called) imitations. It is the only Cough Syrup in put up by Owens & Minor Drug Company, whose name appears on the orange-colored carton. Price 25c for a large bottle.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Pritchett*.

S' IN FLOERS. We have the finest Beauties, White and Pink Roses, Carnations, Blooming Plants, Violets \$1 per one hundred.

CASTORIA The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Pritchett*.

This well-known house will open its doors to the public Monday, with an entirely new stock. Their buyers for the past week have been in northern markets and judging from the immense amount of new goods being received daily, they have not been idle.

Give me "PHONE 1008. I want to order one of those stylish FLOCKLEY PLANS from the CHASE-HACKLEY CO., No. 603 East Broad Street.

ANNUAL STATEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING THE 31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1901, OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE NORTHWESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS FOR THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA, PURSUANT TO THE LAWS OF VIRGINIA.

Name of the Company in full—NORTHWESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.	No.	Amount.
Location of home or principal office of said Company—MILWAUKEE, WIS.		
Character of the business transacted by the Company—LIFE INSURANCE—PURELY MUTUAL.		
President—H. L. PALMER.		
Secretary—J. W. SKINNER.		
Organized and incorporated—MARCH 1887.		
Cash in banks and company's office, MARCH 25, 1902.		
Name of the general agent in Virginia—T. A. CARY; Residence—RICHMOND, VA.		
The number of policies and the amount of insurance effected thereby in force at end of previous year.	224,747	\$329,447,290 00
The number of policies issued during the year and the amount of insurance effected thereby.	29,223	\$70,318,227 00
Total.	253,970	\$399,765,517 00
The number of policies and the amount of insurance which ceased to be in force during the year.	10,812	\$5,269,517 00
The whole number of policies in force and the amount of liabilities or risks thereon at end of year.	243,158	\$394,496,000 00

RECEIPTS.	No.	Amount.
The amount of premiums received during the year.	422,499,786 00	
The amount of annuities received during the year.	158,281 90	
The amount of interest and rents received from all sources.	6,814,538 48	
Profits on sale of real estate.	38,657 46	
Total.		\$29,471,734 02

DISBURSEMENTS.	No.	Amount.
The amount of losses paid.	\$5,352,929 25	
The amount of losses paid.	\$4,882,535 12	
The amount of matured and discounted endowments paid.	\$3,582,929 20	
The amount of annuities paid.	1,828,721 71	
Premium notes voided by lapse.	\$3,456,322, less \$1,153,69 restored by revival.	2,302,628 38
The amount of dividends paid to policyholders.	1,768,719 81	
The amount of dividends paid to policyholders.	3,571,903 20	
The amount paid for expenses (including taxes, \$967,19.58).	4,438,256 10	
The amount of all other disbursements, viz: Advertisements, \$46,24; Adjustment of real estate values, \$23,973.24; Commissioned policy loan, \$130.00; Damages for personal injury, \$1,500.00.	29,469 38	
Total.		16,812,332 02

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ASSETS.	
Bonds, market value.....	\$ 58,202,778 61
Real estate, unencumbered, book value.....	4,582,533 12
Loans secured by first mortgage on real estate.....	72,608,412 50
Cash in banks and company's office.....	2,829,072 77
Loans on company's policies, assigned as collateral.....	8,611,116 00
Premium notes, etc.....	297,430 87
Interest due and accrued.....	2,132,096 33
Rents due and accrued.....	35,055 60
Uncollected and deferred premiums.....	1,201,880 53
All other assets, agents' debit balances.....	2,511 00
	<u>\$152,023,805 15</u>